Animal Transport Best Practices Part IV:



Ensuring a Bon Voyage for Transported Animals





Presenter





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Chat Moderators provided by Animal Care and Services:

Staycee Dains, Shelter Manager

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Poll Question 1

Raise your hand

(see hand button on right column)...

... if your organization currently participates in a transport program.



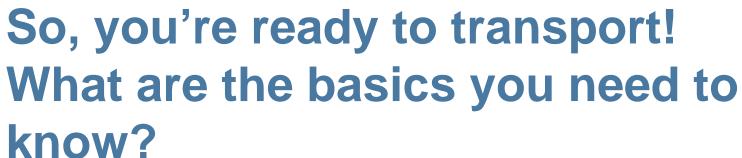


Poll Question 2 Answer in the chat

Which best describes your organization?

- a) Source agency
- b) Destination agency
- c) Source and Destination agency
- d) Neither yet, just interested in transports









MOST IMPORTANT:

- ✓ Health and well being of the animals/shelters.
- ✓ Public Health
- ✓ Know the law
- ✓ Consult with a veterinarian



A Word on Resources







Don't Risk Greater Levels of Regulation



- SAWA recognizes there can be significant differences in resources from one organization to the next
- Important to set a minimum industry standard
- Resources are needed to support that standard
- Next webinar: <u>Animal Transport: Vaccinations</u>, <u>Funding & Goals</u> (March 8)



Designate a Coordinator On BOTH ends



Organizes:

- Date and time of transport
- Numbers and types
- Evaluate health and behavior considerations
- COMMUNICATION!

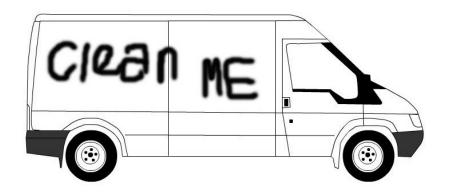




The Transport Vehicle



- Cleaned and sanitized to industry standards
- Use agency cleaning protocols as a guide
- Use materials/chemicals/processes appropriate to vehicle surfaces





Transportation Links



Association of Shelter Veterinarians Standards of Care

www.sheltervet.org/assets/docs/shelter-standards-oct2011wforward.pdf

State and Federal Department of Transportation Guidelines

to ensure driver safety:

https://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/regulations/title49/part/395



Reduce Stress



- Temperature 60 to 85 degrees F (use thermometer)
- Visual barriers between species
- Cats: place to hide within carrier
- Noise level
- Air Ventilation





Transport Enclosures & Carriers



Stand up, lie down, turn around.
Litterbox for cats (2hrs+)

Solid, leak-proof bottom. Adequate bedding.

Separate, except litters. Separate trips for species if possible.

Fresh H2O at stops/breaks.



Puppies and Kittens



- 8-weeks or older unless with mom
- <8 weeks if resources at destination (and not at source)
- Close monitoring of health, stress, nutrition, hydration, protection from disease.
- Disclose to destination
- Follow state laws



Contagious / Communicable Disease?





Not recommended, unless life-saving resources at destination shelter.



Transport must ensure comfort, health and safety of animals, and any other animals on transport. Don't make it worse



Condition fully disclosed to destination shelter prior to transport.



Animals recovering from surgery allowed at least 48hrs to recover prior to trip.

SPCApro.org —

Physical Exam



- Within 24 hours prior to transport
- Trained animal care professional
- Abnormalities disclosed to destination prior to transport (and approved)
- Documented







Vaccines: Minimum



DOGS:

- Distemper
- Adenovirus 2 (Hepatitis)
- Parvo
- Parainfluenza
- Bordetella



AKA - DA2PP + Bordetella



Vaccines: Minimum



CATS:

- Rhinotracheitis
- Calicivirus
- Paneleukopenia

AKA - FVRCP





Still More.... for Both



- Rabies Vaccines (16wk +)
- Other vaccines as agreed by shelters involved

Other treatments:

- Worming hook and round
- Flea/tick and any other diagnosed internal/external parasites
- *Boosters!





Behavior Evaluations





Dogs should be assessed. Source and destination should understand each other's process.



Agreement on type of assessment used, and how results are recorded/interpreted, and used to determine adoptability.



Results documented and included with paperwork for animal.



Mandatory Spay-Neuter!!



- Who does it? Agreement between source and destination
- Must wait at least 48 hours after surgery to transport
- Prior to adoption

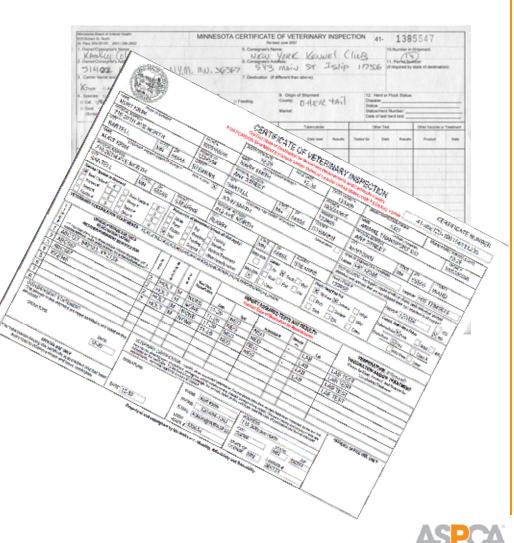




Paperwork!



- CVI Certificate of Veterinary Inspection
- Health Certificate
- Rabies Cert
- Behavior Assessment
- Vaccines
- Descriptive shelter record
- Tags/collar/other ID on animals

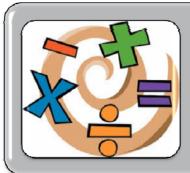


Who is Driving??





Sufficient staff to handle care of all animals



Distance? Number of animals? Species?



Weather
Driver experience
Volunteer, staff



Prepare and Backup



Cell Phones
Maps
GPS
Contacts

Emergency equipment

Back up plans

Contingency Plans:

- Mechanical
- Weather
- Unexpected



During Transport









Check animals every 4-6 hours.

Clean if needed.

Water.

Feed puppies and kittens, small amounts of food.

Adults, once every 24 hours.

Walk dogs on long transports;

Overnight stays;

Before moving to new crate/transport



You've Arrived!!



Destination Shelter:

- Staff/Volunteers ready more is better
- Kennels ready and waiting
- Match paperwork to ID on animals
- Get them in, and get them settled
- Electronic paperwork





Transport Resources



- SAWA Companion Animal Transport Best Practices
- <u>ASPCApro.org/transport</u> webinar resources:
 - Slides
 - Glossary
 - Sample MOU

